

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

**ENVIRONMENTAL INTEGRITY
PROJECT, et al.,**

Plaintiffs,

v.

GINA MCCARTHY,

Defendant.

Civil Action No. 16-842 (JDB)

CONSENT DECREE

WHEREAS, on May 4, 2016, Plaintiffs Environmental Integrity Project, Natural Resources Defense Council, Earthworks, Center for Health, Environment & Justice, West Virginia Citizen Action Group d/b/a West Virginia Surface Owners' Rights Organization, Responsible Drilling Alliance, and San Juan Citizens Alliance (collectively Plaintiffs) filed the above-captioned matter against Gina McCarthy, in her official capacity as Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency (hereafter EPA);

WHEREAS, Plaintiffs allege that the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), 42 U.S.C. § 6912(b), places a duty on EPA that "[e]ach regulation promulgated under this chapter shall be reviewed and, where necessary, revised not less frequently than every three years," Pls.' Compl., ECF No. 1, ¶¶ 5, 37, 96;

WHEREAS, Plaintiffs allege that EPA failed to comply with this alleged mandatory duty, *id.* at ¶¶ 5, 97-98;

WHEREAS, the relief that Plaintiffs seek for this alleged violation includes a Court order requiring EPA to review the Subtitle D criteria regulations, 40 C.F.R. Part 257, for wastes associated with the exploration, development, or production of crude oil, natural gas, or

geothermal energy (oil and gas wastes) and, if EPA determines revision to be “necessary,” to conduct a rulemaking for revisions of the regulations on a “date certain” schedule, Pls.’ Compl., ECF No. 1, at 24;

WHEREAS, Plaintiffs allege that RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6942(b), places a duty on EPA to “promulgate regulations containing guidelines to assist in the development and implementation of State solid waste management plans” and allege that RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6942(b), places a duty on EPA that these state plan guidelines “shall be reviewed from time to time, but not less frequently than every three years, and revised as may be appropriate,” Pls.’ Compl., ECF No. 1, ¶¶ 6, 39, 40, 100;

WHEREAS, Plaintiffs allege that EPA failed to comply with this alleged mandatory duty, *id.* at ¶¶ 6, 101-103;

WHEREAS, the relief that Plaintiffs seek for this alleged violation includes a Court order requiring EPA to review the state plan guidelines for oil and gas waste and, if EPA determines revision to be “appropriate,” to conduct a rulemaking for revisions of the state plan guidelines on a “date certain” schedule, *id.* at 24;

WHEREAS, Plaintiffs and EPA have agreed to a settlement of this action without admission of any issue of fact or law;

WHEREAS, Plaintiffs and EPA agree that resolution of this matter without further litigation is in the best interest of the parties, the public, and judicial economy;

WHEREAS, Plaintiffs and EPA consider this Consent Decree to be an adequate and equitable resolution of all the claims in this matter and therefore wish to effectuate a settlement;

WHEREAS, the Court finds and determines that it has jurisdiction to enter this Consent Decree;

WHEREAS, the Court, by entering this Consent Decree, finds that the Consent Decree is

fair, reasonable, in the public interest, and consistent with RCRA;

NOW THEREFORE, before the taking of testimony, without trial or determination of any issues of fact or law, and upon the consent of Plaintiffs and EPA, it is hereby ORDERED, ADJUDGED, and DECREED that:

1. This Court has jurisdiction to enter this Consent Decree and, pursuant to the Consent Decree, order the relief stated herein.
2. The Parties to this Consent Decree are Plaintiffs and EPA (hereafter together and severally the Parties).
3. This Consent Decree applies to, is binding upon, and inures to the benefit of the Parties (and their successors, assigns, and designees).
4. The Parties shall not challenge the terms of this Consent Decree or this Court's jurisdiction to enter and enforce this Consent Decree.
5. Except as provided below, no later than March 15, 2019, EPA shall either (a) sign (and thereafter expeditiously transmit to the Office of the Federal Register) a notice of proposed rulemaking for the revision of the Subtitle D criteria regulations pertaining to oil and gas wastes, 40 C.F.R. Part 257, or (b) sign a determination that revision of the regulations is not necessary. If EPA signs a notice of proposed rulemaking, then EPA shall provide to Plaintiffs a copy of the notice of proposed rulemaking within seven (7) days of publication by the Office of the Federal Register, and if EPA signs a determination that revision of the regulations is not necessary, then EPA shall provide to Plaintiffs a copy of the determination within seven (7) days of signature.
6. In the event that EPA publishes a notice of proposed rulemaking for revised Subtitle D criteria regulations for oil and gas wastes, as provided in Paragraph 5, EPA shall sign (and thereafter expeditiously transmit to the Office of the Federal Register) a notice taking final action following notice and comment rulemaking no later than July 15, 2021. In addition, EPA

shall provide a copy of such notice of final action to Plaintiffs within seven (7) days of publication by the Office of the Federal Register.

7. Except as provided below, no later than March 15, 2019, EPA shall either (a) sign (and thereafter expeditiously transmit to the Office of the Federal Register) a notice of proposed rulemaking for the revision of the state plan guidelines pertaining to oil and gas wastes, 40 C.F.R. Part 256, or (b) sign a determination that revision of the state plan guidelines is not appropriate. If EPA signs a notice of proposed rulemaking, then EPA shall provide to Plaintiffs a copy of the notice of proposed rulemaking within seven (7) days of publication by the Office of the Federal Register, and if EPA signs a determination that revision of the state plan guidelines is not appropriate, then EPA shall provide to Plaintiffs a copy of the determination within seven (7) days of signature.

8. In the event that EPA publishes a notice of proposed rulemaking for revision of the state plan guidelines for oil and gas wastes, as provided in Paragraph 7, EPA shall sign (and thereafter expeditiously transmit to the Office of the Federal Register) a notice taking final action following notice and comment rulemaking no later than July 15, 2021. EPA shall provide a copy of such notice of final action to Plaintiffs within seven (7) days of publication by the Office of the Federal Register.

9. The Parties agree that this Consent Decree shall constitute a complete and final settlement of all claims that Plaintiffs have asserted against the United States, including EPA, in *Environmental Integrity Project, et al. v. McCarthy*, Civil Action No. 1:16-cv-00842-JDB (D.D.C.), except as provided in Paragraphs 19 and 20 of this Consent Decree. Plaintiffs therefore discharge and covenant not to sue the United States, including EPA, for all claims asserted in this suit. Nothing in this Paragraph, however, shall be construed to limit Plaintiffs' rights to file future suits against the United States, including EPA, asserting claims that allege

future violations of mandatory duties under RCRA, 42 U.S.C. §§ 6912(b), 6942(b), after this Consent Decree has terminated under Paragraph 10. EPA reserves all defenses it may have to any such future suit.

10. This Court shall retain jurisdiction over this matter to enforce the terms of this Consent Decree and to consider any requests for costs of litigation, including attorneys' fees. After EPA has satisfied its obligations under Paragraphs 5 through 8, and Plaintiffs' claim for costs of litigation has been resolved pursuant to Paragraphs 19 and 20, this Consent Decree shall terminate and the action shall be dismissed with prejudice. EPA may move the Court for an order reflecting that such termination has occurred. Plaintiffs shall have 20 days in which to respond to such motion.

11. Nothing in this Consent Decree shall be construed as precluding EPA from issuing proposed or final Subtitle D criteria regulations for oil and gas wastes, proposed or final state plan guidelines for oil and gas wastes, or determinations for the regulations or state plan guidelines by dates earlier than the deadlines established by this Consent Decree.

12. The deadlines established by this Consent Decree may be extended (a) by written stipulation of Plaintiffs and EPA approved by the Court, or (b) by the Court on a motion of EPA for good cause shown pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and upon consideration of any response by the Plaintiffs. A modification of deadlines pursuant to subsection (a) of this paragraph shall be noted by the Parties on the docket of this case.

13. Any provision of this Consent Decree other than a deadline may be modified by the Court following motion of either Plaintiffs or EPA for good cause shown pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and upon consideration of any response by the non-moving party.

14. In the event of a dispute between Plaintiffs and EPA concerning the interpretation

or implementation of any aspect of this Consent Decree, the disputing party shall provide the other party with a written notice outlining the nature of the dispute and requesting informal negotiations. The Parties shall meet and confer in order to attempt to resolve the dispute. If the Parties are unable to resolve the dispute within twenty (20) days after receipt of the written notice, either party may petition the Court to resolve the dispute.

15. No motion or other proceeding seeking to enforce this Consent Decree or for contempt of Court shall be properly filed unless the party seeking to enforce this Consent Decree has followed the procedure set forth in Paragraph 14.

16. Nothing in the terms of this Consent Decree shall be construed (a) to confer upon this Court jurisdiction to review any final rule, final action, or determination issued by EPA pursuant to this Consent Decree; (b) to confer upon this Court jurisdiction to review any issues that are within the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States Courts of Appeals under RCRA section 7006(a)(1), 42 U.S.C. § 6976(a)(1); or (c) to waive any claims, remedies, or defenses that the Parties may have under RCRA section 7006(a)(1), 42 U.S.C. § 6976(a)(1).

17. Nothing in this Consent Decree shall be construed to limit or modify any discretion accorded EPA by RCRA or by general principles of administrative law in taking the actions which are the subject of this Consent Decree, including the discretion to alter, amend, or revise any final actions taken pursuant to this Consent Decree. EPA's obligation to perform each action specified in this Consent Decree does not constitute a limitation or modification of EPA's discretion within the meaning of this paragraph.

18. Except as expressly provided herein, nothing in this Consent Decree shall be construed as an admission of any issue of fact or law. By entering into this Consent Decree, Plaintiffs and EPA do not waive or limit any claim, remedy, or defense, on any grounds, related to any final action that EPA takes with respect to the actions addressed in this Consent Decree.

19. The deadline for filing a motion for costs of litigation (including attorneys' fees) for activities performed prior to entry of the Consent Decree is hereby extended until sixty (60) days after this Consent Decree is entered by the Court. During this sixty-day period, the Parties shall seek to resolve informally any claim for costs of litigation (including attorneys' fees), and if they cannot, Plaintiffs may file a motion for costs of litigation (including attorneys' fees). Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as an admission or concession by EPA that Plaintiffs are entitled to or eligible for recovery of any costs or attorneys' fees.

20. Plaintiffs reserve the right to seek additional costs of litigation, including attorneys' fees, incurred subsequent to entry of this Consent Decree and arising from Plaintiffs' need to enforce or defend against efforts to modify its terms or the underlying schedule outlined herein, or for any other unforeseen continuation of this action. EPA reserves the right to oppose any such request. In the event that Plaintiffs intend to file a claim for any such additional costs of litigation, including attorneys' fees, the Parties agree to confer pursuant to Paragraph 14 of this Consent Decree to attempt to resolve any such claim informally before Plaintiffs file a motion for additional costs of litigation (including attorneys' fees).

21. It is hereby expressly understood and agreed that this Consent Decree was jointly drafted by Plaintiffs and EPA. Accordingly, the Parties hereby agree that any and all rules of construction to the effect that ambiguity is construed against the drafting party shall be inapplicable in any dispute concerning the terms, meaning, or interpretation of this Consent Decree.

22. Any notices required or provided for by this Consent Decree shall be in writing, via electronic mail or certified mail, and sent to each of the following counsel (or to any new address of the Parties' counsel as filed and listed in the docket of the above-captioned matter, at a future date):

a. For Plaintiffs:

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b. For EPA:

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23. The obligations imposed upon EPA under this Consent Decree can only be undertaken using appropriated funds legally available for such purpose. No provision of this Consent Decree shall constitute or be interpreted as a commitment or requirement that the United States obligate or pay funds in contravention of the Anti-Deficiency Act, 31 U.S.C. § 1341, or any other applicable provision of law.

24. Plaintiffs and EPA recognize that the possibility exists that a lapse in

